# Certificate of Accreditation



### **Storm Aviation Limited**

Calibration Laboratory No. 26223

Is accredited in accordance with International Standard ISO/IEC 17025:2017 – General Requirements for the competence of testing and calibration laboratories.

This accreditation demonstrates technical competence for a defined scope specified in the schedule to this certificate, and the operation of a management system (refer joint ISO-ILAC-IAF Communiqué dated April 2017). The schedule to this certificate is an essential accreditation document and from time to time may be revised and reissued.

The most recent issue of the schedule of accreditation, which bears the same accreditation number as this certificate, is available from www.ukas.com.

This accreditation is subject to continuing conformity with United Kingdom Accreditation Service requirements.

Matt Gantley, Chief Executive Officer United Kingdom Accreditation Service

Initial Accreditation: 10 February 2023 Certificate Issued: 10 February 2023







Scan QR Code to verify

### **Schedule of Accreditation**

issued by

### **United Kingdom Accreditation Service**

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK



26223

Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

### **Storm Aviation Limited**

Issue No: 001 Issue date: 10 February 2023

Storm Aviation Limited Contact: Danny Wells
Diamond Hangar Tel: +44 (0)1279 669014

Long Border Road E-Mail: calibration@stormaviation.com
Stansted Website: www.stormaviation.com

CM24 1RE

### Calibration performed at the above address only

### Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC)

Measured Quantity Instrument or Gauge	Range	Expanded Measurement Uncertainty (k = 2)	Remarks
PRESSURE			
Hydraulic pressure (gauge)			Methods consistent with EURAMET CG17
Calibration of pressure indicating instruments and gauges	344 kPa to 69 MPa	Q[0.012%, 345 Pa]	
END			

END

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20220

Accredited to ISO/IEC 17025:2017

## Schedule of Accreditation issued by United Kingdom Accreditation Service

2 Pine Trees, Chertsey Lane, Staines-upon-Thames, TW18 3HR, UK

### **Storm Aviation Limited**

Issue No: 001 Issue date: 10 February 2023

Calibration performed at main address only

### Appendix - Calibration and Measurement Capabilities

### Introduction

The definitive statement of the accreditation status of a calibration laboratory is the Accreditation Certificate and the associated Schedule of Accreditation. This Schedule of Accreditation is a critical document, as it defines the measurement capabilities, ranges and boundaries of the calibration activities for which the organisation holds accreditation.

#### Calibration and Measurement Capabilities (CMCs)

The capabilities provided by accredited calibration laboratories are described by the Calibration and Measurement Capability (CMC), which expresses the lowest measurement uncertainty that can be achieved during a calibration. If a particular device under calibration itself contributes significantly to the uncertainty (for example, if it has limited resolution or exhibits significant non-repeatability) then the uncertainty quoted on a calibration certificate will be increased to account for such factors.

The CMC is normally used to describe the uncertainty that appears in an accredited calibration laboratory's schedule of accreditation and is the uncertainty for which the laboratory has been accredited using the procedure that was the subject of assessment. The measurement uncertainty is calculated according to the procedures given in the GUM and is normally stated as an expanded uncertainty at a coverage probability of 95 %, which usually requires the use of a coverage factor of k = 2. An accredited laboratory is not permitted to quote an uncertainty that is smaller than the published measurement uncertainty in certificates issued under its accreditation.

### Expression of CMCs - symbols and units

It should be noted that the percentage symbol (%) represents the number 0.01. In cases where the measurement uncertainty is stated as a percentage, this is to be interpreted as meaning percentage of the measurand.

Thus, for example, a measurement uncertainty of 1.5 % means  $1.5 \times 0.01 \times q$ , where q is the quantity value.

The notation Q[a, b] stands for the root-sum-square of the terms between brackets:  $Q[a, b] = [a^2 + b^2]^{1/2}$ 

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